

Course Name : User Interface							
Course Code	Course Type	Regular Semester	Lecture (hours/week)	Seminar (hours/week)	Lab. (hours/week)	Credits	ECTS
CMP 317	B	Fall	2.00	0.00	2.00	3.00	6.00
Lecturer		Sokol Shurdhi, Msc					
Assistant							
Course language		Albanian					
Course level		Bachelor					
Description		In this injury will be addressed the topic that will include methods as well as the importance of human factors, sensitive human, conjectural and physical characteristics as well as the implementation of known practice. If you use the topic that will address the students you will get acquainted with the cycle and life of the product that needs to be designed, implemented and evaluated focusing on its user.					
Objectives		The main objectives of this course are: 1. To equip students with knowledge about the field of Human-Computer Interaction, a scientific discipline which aims to understand the interactions of people with technology and apply this knowledge in the design of usable products. 2. To study the problems of designing human-machine interaction, for the design in order to realize products that are easy to use ("usable").					
Core Concepts		1. The user interface is the hardware-software combination that facilitates communication between the user and the computer. 2. Human-computer interaction (HCI) is a discipline that deals with the design, evaluation and implementation of iterative systems used by humans and studies the key aspects that surround them. 3. HCI originates in two very different disciplines: - Ergonomics (ergon: work; nomos: law) - Computer science. ... etc.					
Course Outline							
Week	Topic						
1	1 Login to the user interface History • A brief history and general knowledge of the subject. • Different concepts on the user interface.						
2	2 Applied User Interface and Iterative Systems • Human-computer interaction in the interdisciplinary environment • Problems related to the user interface • Architecture and Software tools • User interface in iterative systems						
3	3 Processing of human information • Perception • Motor skills • Memory • Decision making • Attention • Visions						
4	4 Get to know the user • User description levels						
5	5 Conceptual models and metaphors • Patterns in user interface design • Danger of the user model • Interactive style comparisons • Suggestions for direct manipulation • Modeling human error						
6	6 User-centric design • User interface design with waterfall model • Iterative design • Spiral model • How user analysis is done						
7	7 Design Principles • Heuristics • 10 Nielsen rules • 16 principles of Bruce Tognazzin • 8 Schneiderman Golden Rules • 7 principles of dialogue according to ISO 9241-110: 2006						
8	8 Semi-final exam						
9	9 Engineering and creativity • Creation processes						
10	10 Graphic Design • Simplicity • Contrasts • Space • Balance • Color						

11	11 Prototypes • Reasons for building prototypes • Classification of prototypes • Prototype fidelity • Prototype on paper • Hypertesthetic prototypes
12	12 Usability assessment • Heuristic Assessment • Usability tests
13	13 Design for the user • To design and realize • Traditional design • Human-based design • Universal design
14	14 Input data models and results presentation models • Types of input events • Elements that are considered when choosing a presentation model • Drawing on component model
15	15 Accessibility • Types of injuries • Assistive technology • Accessibility directive
16	Final Exam
Prerequisites	The student must attend the course at a minimum rate of 75%.
Literature	• Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction, 5/E Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven Jacobs ISBN-13: 9780321537355
References	• Human-computer Interaction By Alan Dix, Alan John Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory D. Abowd, Russell Beale
Course Outcome	
1	At the end of this course students will be able to understand that human-computer interaction is the study of people, information technologies and the ways in which they interact with each other in order to determine how technologies can be made more usable for humans.
2	Realize a hardware-software combination that facilitates communication between the user and the computer.
3	Design, evaluate and implement iterative systems used by humans and study the key aspects surrounding them
4	Achieving the construction of effective Human-Computer interfaces.

Course Evaluation			
In-term Studies	Quantity	Percentage	
Midterms	1	15	
Quizzes	0	0	
Projects	1	15	
Term Projects	0	0	
Laboratory	0	0	
Class Participation	1	10	
Total in-term evaluation percent			40
Final exam percent			60
Total			100
ECTS Workload (Based on Student Workload)			
Activities	Quantity	Duration (hours)	Total (hours)
Course duration (Including the exam week: 16x Total hours of the course)	16	4	64
Study hours outside the classroom (Preparation, Practice, etc.)	14	6	84
Duties	1	0	0
Midterms	1	0	0
Final Exam	1	4	4
Other	0	0	0
Total Work Load			152
Total Work Load / 25 (hours)			6.08
ECTS			6.00