

Course Name : International Human Rights Law							
Course Code	Course Type	Regular Semester	Lecture (hours/we ek)	Seminar (hours/we ek)	Lab. (hours/we ek)	Credits	ECTS
LAW 412	B	Spring	3.00	1.00	0.00	3.50	6.00
Lecturer		Ferdinand Gjana, Prof. Dr					
Assistant		Bledar Uku, Msc					
Course language		Albanian					
Course level		Master					
Description		This course examines the international law of human rights—its origin, sources, content, enforcement, and justifications. It also surveys the legal recognition and protection of human rights within various countries. Part one introduces the idea of rights from the historical, philosophical, and analytical perspectives. Part two, the main part of the course, is devoted to a study of the detailed contents of the international human rights law as found in international treaties, customary international law, and other sources of law. This part explores the substantive doctrine -- the "primary rules of conduct" -- as well as the "procedural" aspects of international human rights and international criminal law such as adjudication and remedies. Part three explores issues relating to selected rights from a comparative (international and other national law) perspective.					
Objectives		Students are expected to participate in classroom discussions of the assigned readings and to make classroom presentations on specific rights or issues. Grades will be based on class participation, the presentations, and a moot court exercise.					
Core Concepts							
Course Outline							
Week	Topic						
1	Overview of International Human Rights						
2	The Western Individual Rights Tradition						
3	The International Human Rights Movement						
4	Principles of International Law						
5	The European Human Rights System						
6	Other Regional and Specialized Human Rights Treaties						
7	Economic and Social Rights						
8	Provim Gjysmëfinal						
9	Women and ChildrenRefugees						
10	Minority and Group Rights						
11	Detention without Trial in the War Against Terror						
12	Cultural Relativism and Universal Grounds for Human Rights						
13	Implementation by Treaty Bodies						
14	Implementation by Regional Bodies						
15	Implementation by International Criminal Law						
16	Final Exam						

Prerequisites	The student must attend the course at a minimum rate of 75%.
Literature	• Philip Alston et al. • Charter of the United Nations (1945), Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UN 1948) • European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (Council of Europe, 1950) • Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (UN 1979)
References	• Convention on the Rights of the Child (UN 1989) • on the Rights of All Migrant Workers (UN 1990) • Genocide Convention (UN 1948) • International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (UN 1966) • International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (UN 1965) • Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (UN 1998) • Torture Convention (UN 1984)
Course Outcome	
1	Contrast the perspectives of the International Human Rights Law
2	Demonstrate understanding of the International Human Rights Law research on relevant issues
3	Describe the different types of the International Human Rights Law application in the world
4	Describe the different types of the International Human Rights Law application in the world

Course Evaluation			
In-term Studies	Quantity	Percentage	
Midterms	1	40	
Quizzes	0	0	
Projects	0	0	
Term Projects	0	0	
Laboratory	0	0	
Class Participation	1	20	
Total in-term evaluation percent			60
Final exam percent			40
Total			100
ECTS Workload (Based on Student Workload)			
Activities	Quantity	Duration (hours)	Total (hours)
Course duration (Including the exam week: 16x Total hours of the course)	16	4	64
Study hours outside the classroom (Preparation, Practice, etc.)	14	3	42
Duties	0	10	0
Midterms	1	15	15
Final Exam	1	20	20
Other	0	0	0
Total Work Load			141
Total Work Load / 25 (hours)			5.64
ECTS			6.00